

COMPACT GC FOR MULTIPLE IMPURITIES



With its plug and play philosophy and offering more features than ever, LDetek pushes further the possibilities with its new chromatograph system. It provides an attractive and cost effective solution for the industrial and laboratory market.

Based on the LDetek high performance detection technology, this stand-alone Gas Chromatograph is a flexible and customized platform providing the best solution for any type of gas analysis.

FEATURES & DESIGN:

- Multi trace impurities in one chassis
- · Multiple configurations available in one chassis
- PED, FID, TCD compatible
- · Argon, Helium, Nitrogen and Hydrogen carrier gas
- Isothermal and/or programmed ramping ovens available
- LDetek's electronic flow controllers for carrier & sample gas
- Optional purifier hooked up on the chassis
- Easy maintenance with its slide out design and front opening door

- Compact & robust industrial rackmount 6U chassis
- ppb to % application
- Large 8.4" LCD touch screen & user friendly interface
- High performance diaphragm valves
- Ethernet connectivity for remote control
- Serial/Profibus/Modbus/Ethernet communication protocols
- Heated/purged valves box with optional monitoring system for hazardous gases
- · Fast parallel chromatography

LARGE 8.4" TOUCH SCREEN & USER FRIENDLY INTERFACE

The Multidetek-2 offers an easy and complete interface working on Windows 7 enbedded. With its 8.4" clear LCD touch screen, it allows the operator to navigate easily through the different menus. Moreover, the system includes an Ethernet port for remote control.

PUSH BUTTON

Friendly push button to open the front door.

KEYBOARD OPERATION

Beside the touch screen panel PC, each system is provided with a USB keyboard to operate the user interface.



COMPACT DESIGN

With the 6U chassis, this compact design can be installed in many areas from laboratory to process.

USB CONNECTOR/ EXTERNAL STORAGE

Data can be stored in a external drive and/or move to any other system or computer to be visualized at any time. This USB port is also available for software update or any other windows 7 interfacing.







HIGH PERFORMANCE DIAPHRAGM VALVE

The use of high performance diaphragm valve bring outstanding measurement performance. A longer lifetime and better performance on common GC techniques are achieved. They also allow new analysis methods. 1/16" and/or 1/32" diaphragm valve connections, tubing and columns are used. Using 1/32" can reduce carrier gas consumption reducing operation cost. Consult LDetek application notes for more information.

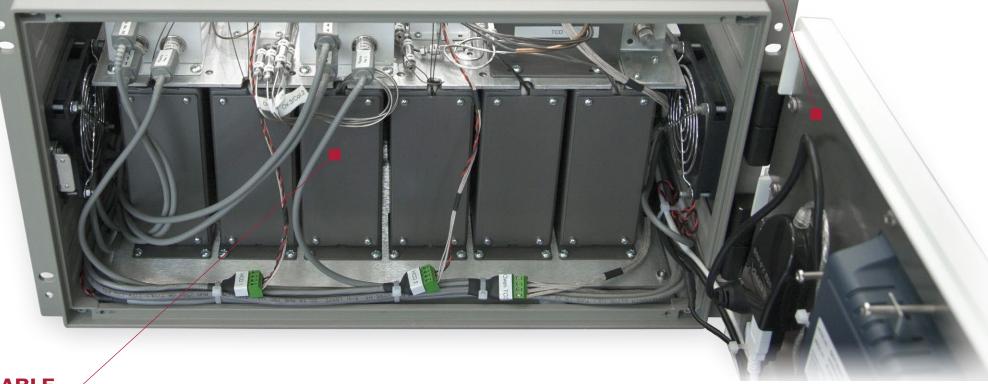


ISOTHERMAL AND/OR PROGRAMMABLE OVENS FOR ANY TYPE OF COLUMNS

The oven design can accept any type of packed, micro packed and plot columns. It offers a very stable and quick temperature control able to proceed to high temperature column regeneration in the unit. With its multiple programmable ovens, more applications are feasible with reduced analysis time.

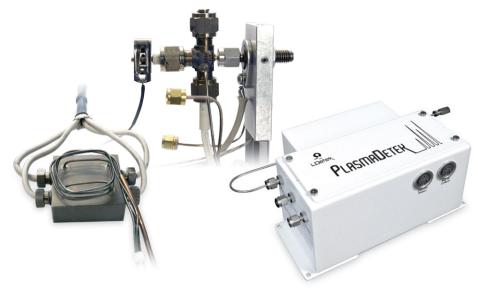


The Multidetek-2 has been designed to give a complete access to all the hardware parts without removing the unit from the rack. The complete maintenance of the system can then be done by keeping the system on gas. This design gives the benefits to reduce the recovery time of the GC after proceeding to maintenance of the system. Also, in case of change of configuration the columns can be easily replaced with the front door.





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3 DETECTORS COMPATIBLE

Three detectors can be installed in the same chassis with a combination of any PED,TCD and FID detector. It gives more flexibility and possibility to measure more components with one system.

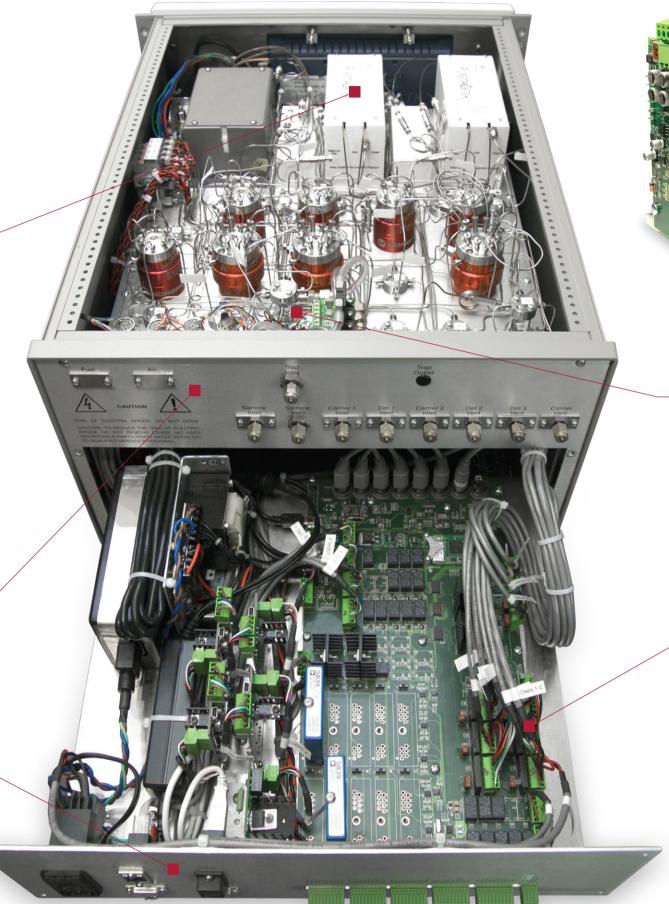


COMPACT GAS PURIFIER

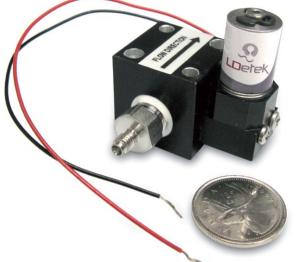
Compact gas purifier mounted on the back panel. Reduce cost and simplify installation. Communication with the MultiDetek 2 is possible to monitor status of the purifier.

INPUTS/OUTPUTS INTERFACE

Many inputs/outputs are available to be able to communicate and receive information from the device: Digital outputs for device status, serial communication (RS-232/485, Profibus, Modbus), analog inputs to acquire external device signal, 4-20 mA output for results information, ethernet for remote control, USB port.







ELECTRONIC FLOW CONTROLLER

With its electronic flow controller, the MultiDetek 2 offers the possibility to have automatic flow adjustment. LDetek has developed its own valve design offering low dead volume and fast response time. A manual version is also available.

EASY MAINTENANCEWITH ITS SLIDE OUT DESIGN

The same approach has been done on the back side of the unit. Other critical components can be reached from the back for maintenance purpose using its pull out rails system. Again, it gives the benefit to perform system maintenance with reduced recovery time without removing the gas lines from the unit.



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MULTIDETEK2 CHART V1

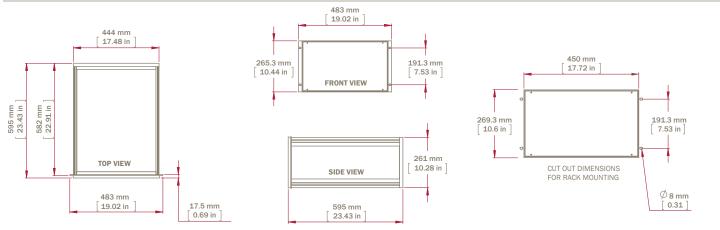
	Backgrounds →	Air Ar He Ne Kr	$Xe \mid H_2 \mid O_2 \mid N_2 \mid CH_4 \mid CO \mid CO_2 \mid C$	C ₂ H ₄ C ₃ H ₆ NH ₃ CF ₄ C ₂ F ₆ SF ₆	$ NF_3 C_4F_8 C_3F_8 C_3F_7$	C ₂ F ₅ SiH ₄ HCI <u>Cl₂ WF₆ S</u>	iF₄ Syngas ← Back
Gas types	Impurities						– – Impurities
	\downarrow						<u> </u>
noble	Ar (argon)	X – X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X Ar
oble	He (helium)	X X - X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X – He
noble	Ne (neon)		X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X – Ne
noble	Kr (krypton)	X X X X -		X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X – Kr
noble	Xe (xenon)	X X X X X	- X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X Xe
permanent	H ₂ (hydrogen)	X X X X X	X - X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad H_2$
permanent	O ₂ (oxygen)	X X X X X	X X - X X X X X		X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad O_2$
permanent	N ₂ (nitrogen)	X X X X X	X X X - X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X X N_2$
permanent	CO (carbon monoxide)	X X X X X	X X X X X - X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X CO
ermanent	CO ₂ (carbon dioxide)	X X X X X	X X X X X X - X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad CO_2$
permanent	H ₂ O (moisture)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X	X		- H ₂ O
luorocarbon	CF ₄ (tetrafluoromethane)	X X X X X	$X \mid X \mid X \mid X \mid X \mid X \mid X \mid X$	X X X - X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X – CF ₄
luorocarbon	C ₂ F ₆ (hexafluoroethane)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X - X	X – X X	X	$ C_2F_6$
reenhouse	SF ₆ (sulfur hexafluoride)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X -	X – X X	X X X X X	X – SF ₆
reenhouse	N ₂ O (nitrous oxide)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X -	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X X N_2O$
norganic	NF ₃ (nitrogen trifluoride)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X - X X	- X X X	X X X X X	X – NF ₃
norganic/toxic	NH ₃ (ammonia)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X	X		- X NH ₃
norganic/toxic	PH ₃ (phosphine)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X - X X X	X		- X PH ₃
norganic/toxic	AsH ₃ (arsine)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X		- X AsH ₃
oxic	CH ₂ O (formaldehyde)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X	X		- X CH₂O
oxic	C ₂ H ₄ O (acetaldehyde)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X	X		$-$ X $C_2\bar{H}_4O$
ydrocarbon	CH ₄ (methane)	X X X X X	X X X X - X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X CH ₄
ydrocarbon	NMHC (non methane hydrocarbon)		X X X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X	X	- NMHC
nydrocarbon	C ₂ H ₂ (acetylene)		X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X X C_2H_2$
nydrocarbon	C ₂ H ₄ (ethylene)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	- X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad \qquad C_2 H_4$
ydrocarbon	C ₂ H ₆ (ethane)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	- X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad \qquad C_2 H_6$
nydrocarbon	C ₃ H ₆ (propylene)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X - X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad C_3H_6$
ydrocarbon	C ₃ H ₈ (propane)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X - X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad C_3H_8$
nydrocarbon	C ₃ H ₄ (propadiene)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad C_3H_4$
nydrocarbon	C ₃ H ₄ (propyne)	X X X X X		X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X C ₃ H ₄
ydrocarbon	C_4H_6 (1,3 butadiene)		X X X X X X X X		X X X X	X X X X X	X X C ₄ H ₆
nydrocarbon	C ₄ H ₈ (butylene)		X X X X X X X X				
ydrocarbon	C_4H_{10} (isobutane)		X X X X X X X X		XXXX		$X X X C_4H_{10}$
nydrocarbon	C_5H_8 (pentadiene)		X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X C ₅ H ₈
ydrocarbon	C ₅ H ₁₀ (pentene)	XXXXX	X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	$X \qquad X \qquad C_5H_{10}$
nydrocarbon	C_5H_{12} (isopentane)	XXXXX	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X X X X	X X X X X	X X C_5H_{12}
ydrocarbon	C_6H_{12} (hexene)		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		XXXXX	X X X X X	$\begin{array}{ccc} X & X & G_5H_{12} \\ X & X & G_6H_{12} \end{array}$
ydrocarbon	C_6H_{14} (hexane)		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			X X X X X	$\begin{array}{cccc} X & X & G_6H_{12} \\ X & X & G_6H_{14} \end{array}$
nydrocarbon	C_7H_{14} (heptene)		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		XXXXX	X X X X X	X X X C_7H_{14}
ydrocarbon	C_7H_{16} (heptene)		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		X X X X	X X X X X X	X X C_7H_{16}
ydrocarbon	C ₈ H ₁₆ (octene)		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X X X X	X X X X X	$\begin{array}{cccc} X & X & G_7 H_{16} \\ X & X & C_8 H_{16} \end{array}$
nydrocarbon	C ₈ H ₁₈ (octane)	XXXXX		X X X X X X X	X X X X	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X
ntex/aromatic	C ₆ H ₆ (benzene)	X X X X X	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
tex/aromatic	C_7H_8 (toluene)		X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X X	X X X X	Y Y Y Y Y	$X X X C_7H_8$
tex/aromatic	C_7H_8 (toldene) C_8H_{10} (xylene)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X	X X X X X X	Λ Λ Λ Λ Υ Υ V V	Y Y Y V V	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
sulfur	H_2S (hydrogen sulfide)	X X X X X	X X X X X X X X X X	- X X X X X X	Λ Λ Λ Λ Υ -		$-X$ H_2S
sulfur	COS (carbonyl sulfide)		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	- X X X X X X - X X X X X X X X X X X X	^		- X п ₂ S - X COS
sulfur					^		
	SO ₂ (sulfur dioxide)		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		X		2
sulfur sulfur	CS ₂ (carbon difulfide)		X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		^		- X CS ₂ - X CH ₄ S
NUMBER OF STREET	CH ₄ S (methyl mercaptan)	A A A A A	X X X X X X X X	A A A A A A A	Λ		– X CH₄S

Other applications are possible. Please contact LDetek for more details.

SPECIFICATIONS:

DETECTOR TYPE	PED, TCD, FID				
RANGE	Application dependant				
REPEATABILITY	< 1% full scale				
ACCURACY	Better than ±1% full scale				
STANDARD FEATURES	 Manual or autoranging (user selectable) Microprocessor controlled Windows 7 embedded user friendly interface Ethernet port for remote control Isothermal and/or programmed ramping ovens Electronic flow control regulators for carrier & sample gases 8.4" LCD large touch screen Self diagnosis system with auto-resolve alarm 4-20 mA isolated outputs Alarm Historic Digital system status ouput for remote monitoring (dry relay contact) 2 alarms contact High resolution Chromatogram output 				
OPTIONS	 Serial communication (RS232/485) / Profibus / Modbus / Ethernet Compact purifier attached to the chassis for generating high purity carrier gas Integrated stream selector system Digital inputs for remote starting Analog inputs for connecting external instruments Remote control for stream selector (LDGSS) Purged valve box Heated valve box Monitoring system for hazardous gases 				
GAS CONNECTIONS	Sample: 1/8" compression fittings or 1/8 VCR Vent: 1/8" compression fitting				
CALIBRATION GAS	Span: 70% to 90% of the scale				
SAMPLE PRESSURE REQUIREMENTS	10 to 30 PSIG				
CARRIER PRESSURE REQUIREMENTS	100 PSIG				
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	10 °C to 45 °C				
SUPPLY	115 VAC, 50 - 60 Hz or 220 VAC, 50 - 60 Hz				
POWER CONSUMPTION	Maximum 500W				
DRIFT	< ± 1% over 24 hours				

DIMENSIONS:



APPLICATIONS:

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ENVIRONMENT





INDUSTRIAL GAS





PETROCHEMICAL



AGRICULTURE



ELECTRONIC GASES & SEMICONDUCTOR



HYDROCARBONS PROCESSING



FOOD AND BEVERAGE



PHARMACEUTICAL AND MEDECINE



HEALTH AND SAFETY



Where innovation leads to success